

PHYSICS LABORATORY: Investigating Resistivities

BACKGROUND INFORMATION AND PURPOSE

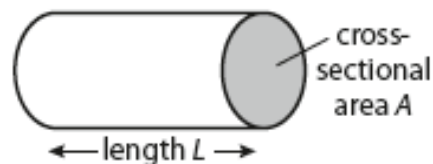
Besides temperature, there are three factors affecting the resistance of a conducting wire:

1. The type of material
2. The length
3. The cross-sectional area

You know that the relationship between these variables is given by

$$R \propto \frac{L}{A} = \rho \frac{L}{A}$$

where ρ = 'resistivity' of the material.



Source: Physics for the IB Diploma, Hamper

In this lab you will verify the relationship between these experimentally and come up with an experimental value for the resistivity of nichrome.

DATA COLLECTION AND PROCESSING (DCP)

- ✓ Choose a gauge of nichrome wire and determine the resistivities of different lengths of that wire.
- ✓ Using appropriate graphing techniques, determine the resistivity of nichrome experimentally.
- ✓ Remember you need at least 5-6 data points, and 3 trials for each data point, with full treatment of errors and uncertainties.

CONCLUSION AND EVALUATION (CE)

- ✓ Compare your experimental resistivity to the given values.

Remember:

1. Refer to the 'Physics Lab Report Guide' before submitting your report.
2. Attach the 'Physics Lab Report Rubric' as a cover page to your paper copy.

You will be marked on Data Collection and Processing (DCP) and Conclusion and Evaluation (CE) for this lab.